

Site Visit Report

Under the *European Union (Drinking Water) Regulations 2023*, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is the supervisory authority in relation to Uisce Éireann and its role in the provision of public drinking water supplies. This audit was carried out to assess the performance of Uisce Éireann in providing clean and wholesome water to the public water supply named below.

The audit process is a sample of the performance of a water treatment plant and public water supply on a given date.

Water Supply Zone		
Name of Installation	Horse & Jockey PWS	
Organisation	Uisce Éireann	
Scheme Code	2800PUB1011	
County	Tipperary	
Site Visit Reference No.	SV27601	

Report Detail	
Issue Date	03/04/2023
Prepared By	Criona Doyle

Site Visit Detail				
Date Of Inspection	15/03/2023	Announced	Yes	
Time In	13:30	Time Out	14:45	
EPA Inspector(s)	Criona Doyle	Criona Doyle		
Additional Visitors	isitors			
Company Personnel	Tipperary Co	Uisce Éireann: Pat Duggan; Colin Cunningham Tipperary County Council (working in partnership with Uisce Eireann): Jerry Fogarty; David Browne; Aidan Delaney.		

>

Summary of Key Findings

- 1. Upgrade works have been completed at the Horse and Jockey Water Treatment in response to the previous Boil Water Notice (in place from 13/08/22 to 22/08/22) which was imposed as a result of elevated turbidity. The upgrade works include the addition of two cartridge filters, a new storage tank, a turbidity data logger, changes to the pumping regime, manual run to waste and the installation of a generator.
- 2. Uisce Eireann advised that the Horse and Jockey Water Treatment Plant is to be rationalised and linked to the Thurles Regional Public Water Supply. The expected completion date for rationalisation of the supply could not be confirmed at the audit.



Introduction

The Horse and Jockey Public Water Supply (PWS) serves a population of 648 and produces approximately 173m3/d (EDEN figures). Raw water is sourced from a borehole adjacent to the treatment plant building. Treatment includes filtration (cartridge filters), UV disinfection (primary) and chlorination.

The audit was undertaken to assess the performance of Uisce Eireann in providing clean and wholesome drinking water.



Supply Zones Areas Inspected

The audit consisted of an inspection of the treatment plant and the borehole source.



1.1 Is the abstraction source(s) adequately protected against contamination? No

Comment

The landuse in the area is agricultural. At the audit, Tipperary County Council could not confirm when the landowners within the zone of contribution were written to in relation to the presence of a drinking water supply in proximity to their lands and their obligations under the European Union (Good Agricultural Practice for the Protection of Waters Regulations 2022 (S.I. No. 113 of 2022).

Answer

The borehole was located in a below ground locked chamber and the pipework at the wellhead was sealed. The base of the chamber was not concreted but was dry and there was no evidence of ingress of surface water. The Caretaker undertakes daily checks and records any activities in the buffer zones.

		Allowel
2.1	Is the disinfection system verified using monitors and alarms, with trended data recorded and accessible?	No

Angua

Comment

Both the UV disinfection system and chlorine disinfection system are verified with trended data and alarms. A copy of the trends were provided prior to the audit and indicated no issues with the UV or chlorination disinfection systems.

The live readings for turbidity, UVI, UV dose, flow and residual chlorine levels can be viewed on site on the disinfection mimic. There is no facility for Uisce Eireann or Tipperary County Council operational staff to view the continuous disinfection trends at the site. SCADA trends cannot be accessed remotely by Tipperary County Council. The host company, IPL, have to sign on remotely to access the trend data to provide trends for Uisce Eireann and Tipperary County Council. There is no system in place to ensure regular checks of disinfection trends are being undertaken by operational staff. As part of the daily checks by operational staff the Caretaker records a single daily residual chlorine level post chlorination and plots this daily level on a chart to monitor changes.

Answer

Are monitors and alarms operational via dial out and being responded to with a suitable cascade system in place?

Comment

Level 1 alarms indicating plant shutdown (flow, UV dose, turbidity and chlorine) are sent to operational staff (caretaker and supervisor). Level 1 shutdown alarms are sent to both the caretaker and supervisor at the same time.

Level 2 warning alarms (flow, UV dose, turbidity and chlorine) are not sent to the operational staff but will appear on screen on the disinfection mimic on the HMI.

		Answer
2.3	Are duty and standby chlorine pumps/ UV units in operation?	No

Comment

UV provides the primary disinfection. A duty UV disinfection unit is provided. There is no standby UV unit.

Chlorination is used to provide secondary disinfection. Duty and standby chlorine dosing pumps are provided.

		Answer		
	Is there a suitable monitoring frequency for residual chlorine in the network with records available?	No		
	Comment			
	Monitoring of the residual chlorine levels is undertaken once per week at three locations with two of the monitoring locations at the extremity of the network. The records indicated satisfactory levels > 0.1 mg/l.			



3. Management and Control

	Answer	
Has the protozoal compliance log treatment requirement been identified for the water treatment plant?	No	
Comment		
The protozoal log treatment requirement has not been identified for the WTP. A duty UV disinfection provides primary disinfection and is validated to provide a 3 log reduction.		



4. Site Specific Issues

		Answer		
4.1	Has all information requested on the open compliance plan been provided?	No		
	Comment			
	A copy of the verification monitoring data used for the lifting of the BWN on 22/08/2022 has not been provided to date.			

Recommendations

Subject	Horse	e and Jockey Audit	Due Date	03/05/2023	
Action Text	ion Text Uisce Éireann is responsible for ensuring a clean and wholesome supply of drinking wand should implement the following recommendations without delay.				
	Provide a completion date for the rationalisation of the Horse and Jockey WTP.				
	 Liaise with Tipperary County Council to ensure that local landowners have been written to in relation to their obligations under the European Union (Good Agricultural Practice for Protection of Waters) Regulations 2022, as amended. 				
3. Ensure that (i) Level 2 warning alarms are sent to the operational staff; (ii) of have access to continuous disinfection trends (UV and chlorine) at the WTP the disinfection trends are regularly checked by operational and supervisory				at the WTP and (iii) that	
	4. Confirm (i) the protozoal log treatment requirement for the Horse and Jockey WTP, (provide details on how any protozoal log treatment deficit, if identified, will be address				
	 Ensure that the extremities of the network are included as residual chlorine monitori locations, several times per week, to ensure a minimum residual chlorine of 0.1 mg/ maintained. 				
	6.	 Submit a copy of the verification monitoring data used for the lifting of the BWN on 22/08/2022. 			
	Actions required by Uisce Éireann During the audit, Uisce Éireann representatives were advised of the audit findings and that action must be taken by Uisce Éireann to address the issues raised.				
Uisce Éireann should submit a report to the EPA on or before 03/05/23 detailin taken and planned, with timescales, to close out the above recommendations.					
	The EPA advises that the findings and recommendations from this audit report should, where relevant, be addressed at other public water supplies.			dit report should, where	