

	Radiofrequency electromagnetic fields measurement survey					
Version	Reference #	Issue Date	Issued by			
1.0	2022/08	12 May 2022	l Vila			

1. Measurement survey characteristics

Measurement date: 3rd March 2022

Measurement time: 14:30 pm - 15:30 pm

Measurement point & location: Sandymount St, Cobh, Co Cork

GPS coordinates: 51°51'08.6" N; 8°17'40.5" W

Survey staff: Javier Vila, Michael Murray

Purpose of the survey: 1) To carry out measurements of radiofrequency (RF)

electromagnetic fields (EMF) at a location within Cobh

town with high daytime population.

2) To determine typical RF EMF levels and compare them with relevant exposure limits recommended by the International Commission on Non-Ionizing Radiation

Protection (ICNIRP).

This survey is part of the EPA's national EMF monitoring programme (see reference EPA 2020 for

more details).

Measurement point

description:

Outdoor public space typically busy due to available

amenities in the area.

2. Summary of survey results

Measurement result: The average total RF level measured was 0.13 V/m.

This value is below ICNIRP's recommended exposure limits of 28 V/m for radiofrequencies < 400 MHz and

61 V/m for radiofrequencies > 2 GHz.

Measured RF sources/signals: FM Radio, TETRA, PMR, DVB_T, 2G (GSM), 3G

(UMTS), 4G (LTE), Wi-Fi 2.4GHz, 5G (NR-3.6GHz),

FWALA

Number of nearby

telecommunication sites:

2 nearby sites (see map on page 4 for details). This information was obtained from the ComReg's website

https://siteviewer.comreg.ie/ (November 2020)

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3. Measurement methodology and results

Broadband and frequency-selective EMF measurements were performed at a location in Cobh town centre (Sandymount Street) known to have a high daytime population. The charts and tables below contain the summary results for total RF electric fields (Table 1 & Figure 1) and frequency-specific RF electric fields (Table 2 & Figure 2) for the selected location and time of the day using various configurations, including the use of a 5G-enabled mobile phone handset in the proximity of the measurement point while streaming video to identify any potential nearby 5G signals.

Figure 1. Total RF electric field levels at measurement point using two broadband probes.

Note: This graph represents total average (rms) RF electric fields measured for 6 minutes (360 seconds) using two different RF probes as described on the graph legend. Total RF fields include exposures from all RF sources (signals) depending on the probe(s) used. ICNIRP reference levels between 400 MHz and 2 GHz are frequency specific (see EC 1999 for details).

100 MHz - 90 GHz Probe

Table 1. Summary of total RF fields at measurement point using two broadband probes.

100 kHz - 6 GHz Probe

Probe Frequency Range	Average electric field	Average power density	Maximum electric field	Maximum power density	ICNIRP reference level	
Kange	(V/m)	(W/m^2)	(V / m)	(W/m^2)	(V/m)	(W/m^2)
100 kHz - 6 GHz	0.13	0.00005	0.48	0.001	28*	2*
100 MHz - 90 GHz	0.16	0.0001	3.12	0.026	28*	2*

Note: RF electric field data obtained with Narda NBM-550 meter with EF0691 and EF9091 probes. *Strictest ICNIRP reference levels for the entire RF frequency range. These data have a maximum overall uncertainty around ±41% (±3 dB).

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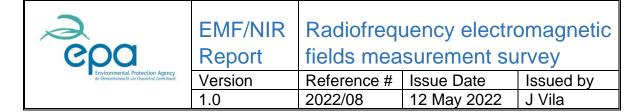
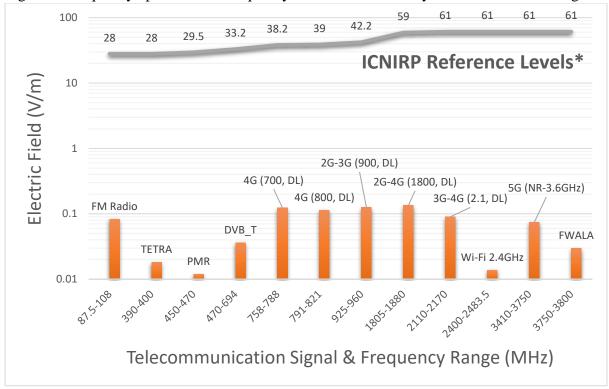


Figure 2. Frequency-specific radiofrequency electric field level by telecommunication signal



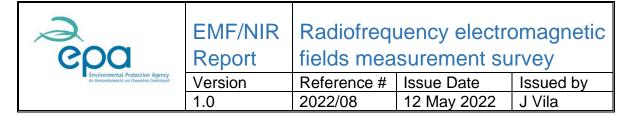
Note: Average RF electric field data above the noise threshold for 6-min average (rms) obtained with SRM-3006 spectrum analyser using 3501/03 and 3502/01 probes. *ICNIRP reference level for each corresponding frequency range. 2G: GSM; 3G: UMTS; 4G: LTE; DL: Downlink; UL: Uplink; PMR: Professional Mobile Radio; DVB_T: Terrestrial Digital Video Broadcasting; NR: New Radio; FWALA: Fixed Wireless Access Local Area.

Table 2. Measured average and maximum frequency-specific field level by RF source/signal.

RF Source / Telecommunication Signal	Frequency Range (MHz)	Maximum Electric Field/ Power Density		Electric	Average Electric Field/ Power Density		ICNIRP Reference Level ^b	
		(V/m)	(W/m^2)	(V/m)	(W/m^2)	(V/m)	(W/m^2)	
FM Radio	87.5-108	0.09	0.00002	0.08	0.00002	28	2	
TETRA	390-400	0.02	0.000002	0.02	0.000001	28	2	
PMR	450-470	0.02	0.000001	0.01	0.0000004	29.5	2.3	
DVB_T	470-694	0.04	0.000005	0.04	0.000003	33.2	2.9	
4G (700, DL)	758-788	0.18	0.00008	0.12	0.00004	38.2	3.9	
4G (800, DL)	791-821	0.14	0.00005	0.11	0.00003	39	4	
2G-3G (900, DL)	925-960	0.15	0.00006	0.13	0.00004	42.2	4.7	
2G-4G (1800, DL)	1805-1880	0.16	0.00007	0.13	0.00005	59	9.2	
3G-4G (2.1, DL)	2110-2170	0.14	0.00005	0.09	0.00002	61	10	
Wi-Fi 2.4GHz	2400-2483.5	0.03	0.000002	0.01	0.0000005	61	10	
5G (NR-3.6GHz)	3410-3750	0.14	0.00005	0.07	0.00001	61	10	
FWALA	3750-3800	0.04	0.00001	0.03	0.000002	61	10	

Note: RF electric field data above the equipment noise threshold for 6-min average (rms) obtained with SRM-3006 meter using 3501/03 and 3502/01 probes. These data have a maximum overall uncertainty around ±41% (±3 dB). ^bICNIRP reference level for each corresponding frequency range. 2G: GSM; 3G: UMTS; 4G: LTE; DL: Downlink; UL: Uplink; PMR: Professional Mobile Radio; DVB_T: Terrestrial Digital Video Broadcasting; NR: New Radio; FWALA: Fixed Wireless Access Local Area.

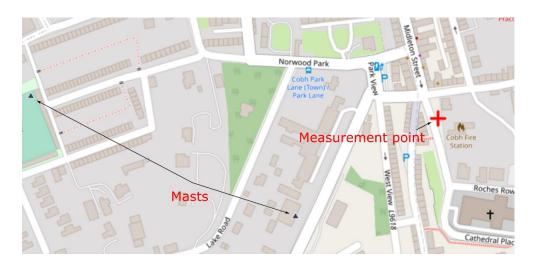
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5. Conclusion – Total & Frequency-Specific RF field levels

Measured (average and maximum) total RF electric field levels (Figure 1 & Table 1) were below the strictest ICNIRP recommended exposure limit for the entire RF frequency range (i.e. 28 V/m). The average total RF level was 0.13 V/m. Measured (average and maximum) frequency-specific RF electric field levels for all detected signals (Figure 2 & Table 2) were low (< 1 V/m). All the signals measured were below the corresponding ICNIRP recommended exposure limits of 28 V/m for radiofrequencies < 400 MHz and 61 V/m for radiofrequencies > 2 GHz. The highest RF electric field level at the point of measurement (0.18 V/m) is likely to correspond to the emission (downlink) from nearby 4G (700 MHz) antennas. 5G signals were detected at the point of measurement with a maximum level of 0.14 V/m (without data traffic).

6. Map of measurement point and nearby telecommunication sites (masts)

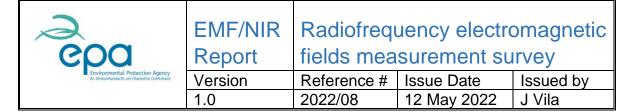


7. Photo of measurement point and nearby (line-of-sight) telecommunication sites (masts)





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Appendix

A1. Equipment characteristics and calibration

The following EMF measurement equipment was used:

- Narda SRM-3006 frequency-selective meter and spectrum analyser.
- Narda NBM-550 wideband survey meter.
- Narda probes covering a frequency range between 100 kHz and 90 GHz.
- All equipment was calibrated in December 2021.

A2. References

- EPA 2020. EMF Monitoring Programme 2021-2023. https://www.epa.ie/radiation/emf/emfmonitoringprogramme/
- ECC RECOMMENDATION (02)04. Measuring Non-Ionising Electromagnetic Radiation (9 kHz – 300 GHz) (Bratislava 2003, Helsinki 2007) www.erodocdb.dk/Docs/doc98/official/pdf/REC0204.PDF
- I.S. EN 62232-2017. Determination of RF field strength, power density and SAR in the vicinity of radiocommunication base stations for the purpose of evaluating human exposure. NSAI Standards; CENELEC 2017 https://shop.standards.ie/en-ie/
- European Commission (EC) 1999/519/EC: Council Recommendation of 12 July 1999 on the limitation of exposure of the general public to electromagnetic fields (0 Hz to 300 GHz) https://op.europa.eu/en/publication-detail/-/publication/9509b04f-1df0-4221-bfa2-c7af77975556/language-en
- International Commission on Non-Ionizing Radiation Protection (ICNIRP).
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